

Topic 1.3 Reacting masses and volumes

Understandings:

- Reactants can be either limiting or excess.
- The experimental yield can be different from the theoretical yield.
- Avogadro's law enables the mole ratio of reacting gases to be determined from volumes of the gases.
- The molar volume of an ideal gas is a constant at specified temperature and pressure.
- The molar concentration of a solution is determined by the amount of solute and the volume of solution.
- A standard solution is one of known concentration.

Applications and skills:

- Solution of problems relating to reacting quantities, limiting and excess reactants, theoretical, experimental and percentage yields.
- Calculation of reacting volumes of gases using Avogadro's law.
- Solution of problems and analysis of graphs involving the relationship between temperature, pressure and volume for a fixed mass of an ideal gas.
- Solution of problems relating to the ideal gas equation.
- Explanation of the deviation of real gases from ideal behaviour at low temperature and high pressure.
- Obtaining and using experimental values to calculate the molar mass of a gas from the ideal gas equation.
- Solution of problems involving molar concentration, amount of solute and volume of solution.
- Use of the experimental method of titration to calculate the concentration of a solution by reference to a standard solution.